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MESSANGER

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# The Stillwater Messenger.

"Be just, and fear not—Let all the ends thou aim'st at, be thy Country's, thy God's, and Truth's."

VOLUME 7.

THE  
STILLWATER MESSENGER  
A. J. VAN WORX, Prop.

Is furnished to subscribers for two dollars per year, paid within six months. An additional charge of fifty cents will be made when payment is delayed beyond that time.

OFFICE IN GREENLY'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET.

RATE OF ADVERTISING.

12 lines, (100 words or less) consisting of a square	\$1.00
" " each additional	15 cents
One-fourth column, 3 months	15.00
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One-half column, 6 months	20.00
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Business cards, 1 year	45.00
" " 6 months	30.00

Advertisements not marked on the copy for a specified number of months will be continued until either a written or verbal notice, they shall be ordered out, and payment exacted accordingly.

For each insertion there will be charged for each change or alteration ordered.

Displayed advertisements invariably charged extra rates.

J. K. REINER, M. D.  
Physician and Surgeon,  
STILLWATER, MINN.  
June 23, 1862.

H. F. NOYES, M. D.  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON  
OFFICE in Holmeyer's 1<sup>st</sup> story Room, Building, (up stairs) Main street, Stillwater, Minnesota. Residence, corner of Cherry and Fourth streets.

Wm. M. MCCLUER,  
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,  
1<sup>st</sup> Floor, Minot's Block, Stillwater, Minnesota.

L. E. THOMPSON,  
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.  
OFFICE in Holmeyer's Block, Main Street,  
Stillwater, Minnesota.

CORNMAN AND STIGNEY  
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,  
AND.

CLAIM AGENTS.  
OFFICE ON THE SECOND FLOOR, F.  
The building occupied by Trouton & Greenly,  
Main street, Stillwater, Minnesota.

We will pay particular attention to the pre-  
sentation of soldiers' claims for pensions, back  
pay and bounties before the Department at  
Washington.

L. R. CORNMAN.

RUDOLPH LEHMICKE,  
Attorney at Law.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Office in Holmeyer's Block, Stillwater, Minn.

HOLLIS R. MURDOCK,  
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW  
and General Agent, Stillwater, Minnesota.  
Stillwater, April 20, 1862.

Howe's Standard Scales.

FOR SALE BY

Vandervoet, Dickson & Co.,  
The Plate Warehouse,  
No. 199 & 201 Randolph street  
Chicago. Weight off of Lived  
No. 2 Check Books. All  
furniture received on Bills.

FAIRBANKS' STANDARDS  
SCALES  
OF ALL KINDS.

100, Warehouses, Trucks, Let-  
ter Presses, etc.

FAIRBANKS' GREENLEAF & CO.,  
172 Lake Street, CHICAGO.

Be careful to buy only the genuine.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership between existing between  
KEYES A. DARLING and CHAS. SCHIFFER, under  
the name of DARLING & SCHIFFER is  
dissolved by mutual consent. The business  
will be continued by CHARLES SCHIFFER, J. E.  
Thomson and R. C. THOMPSON, Stillwater, Minn.  
Successors to Darling & Schiffer.

Dealers in Exchange, Cash and Unre-  
cognized Money.

Collections made and proceeds promptly re-  
mitted.

M. S. WILLARD,  
FURNITURE DEALER,  
Main Street, Stillwater, Minnesota.

ELEGANT, Medium and Plain Household  
FURNITURE, MATTRESSES, LOOKING GLASSES, &c.

DAVID MEAD,  
Boot and Shoe Maker,  
MAIN ST., STILLWATER.

I prepared to make everything in the Boot  
and Shoe line in a superior and elegant  
manner. Particular attention paid to requir-  
ing.

Jan. 21, 1862.

C. DE MONTREVILLE, M. D.

DENTIST.

Office on Third Street, first building West of  
the Post Office.

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

On the first Monday and Tuesday of each  
month Dr. De Montreville will be at the Saw-  
yer House, and attend to any dental operations  
required.

Jan. 12, 1862.

Something You've all got to Have.

At THIS OLD STAND,

On Chestnut street, you will find the  
best and most up to date of all

the above said manufac- or useful articles, which  
will be sold cheap for cash.

Roofing, Cluttering & Jobbing

DOE AT THE SMOKER NOTCH.

COPPER HEADS" REPAIRED

May 5, 1862.

PAPER HANGING. WINDOW SHADES

etc., still lower.

CLOTH SOVAs and Pipe.

They are all Right!

W. M. CAPRON.

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On Chestnut street, you will find the  
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COPPER HEADS" REPAIRED

May 5, 1862.

Saddlery, Hardware and Tools

FOR SALE cheap for cash, by

KESSELS & RIEHL.

The keenness of the air acts upon your

nerves, and you become conscious of a

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, TUESDAY, JULY 14, 1863.

NUMBER 4.

## SODA WATER! The Messenger.

C. VALENTINE  
Has just purchased one of

Matthews' Celebrated Iron  
Soda Fountains,

And is now prepared to furnish the citizens of

Stillwater and vicinity with Pure Soda or Mineral Water.

And every thing in this line, Also Amer-

ica's best Chewing Tobacco, and all sorts of

Smoking Tobacco.

C. VALENTINE

Main street, two doors below Johnson's Jewelry

store.

Stillwater, May 19, 1863. 36-174

Saturday, July 14, 1863.

"The close grapple and sharp steel  
of bold and patriotic soldiers must always  
put rebels and traitors to flight."—SECRETARY STANTON, TO THE SOLDIERS.

Just received, a fresh supply of

Confectioneries!

And everything else in this line.

Also America's best Chewing Tobacco, and all sorts of

Smoking Tobacco.

C. VALENTINE

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Stillwater, May 19, 1863. 36-174

STATE PRISON WORK

ALL KINDS OF COOPERAGE, &c.

The undersigned having contracted for all

the prison labor for a term of years, has

paid the approved machinery in the work-

shop for the manufacture of

STAVES,

and all kinds of

COOPERAGE.

They are always supplied with the mills

and with other materials.

Whence their labor has been introduced,

they are given the preference over all others

for strength and beauty of finish.

Their facilities are good.

Every thing in the line of Cooperage

kept on hand or made to order.

W. M. MCCLUER,

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1<sup>st</sup> Floor, Minot's Block, Stillwater, Minnesota.

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## STILLWATER MESSENGER.

A. B. STICKNEY, EDITOR

### STILLWATER:

Tuesday, July 14, 1863

#### A Final Call.

Being now in the service, it is absolutely necessary that all outstanding accounts with Minnesota Officers should be paid in full. A. B. Stickney, Editor, will collect the editorial and financial balance due the office for three years or during the war, and is fully authorized to settle all undischarged accounts. If this will not be enough to at once, legal measures will be resorted to.

Mr. A. B. Faxon, an old associate of the office, will have charge of the mechanical department of the office, and no interruption will result from my absence, which it will, only be temporary.

A. J. VORRES

#### Republican Union Convention.

The Republicans, and all other unconditioned Union men throughout the State of Minnesota, who are earnest and honest supporters of the Administration, and who will stand by it without fear or favor in all its efforts to crush rebellion and maintain the Union, and who desire to see no cessation of hostilities until the glorious old flag of our country shall wave over a united Republic, "without a stripe erased or polluted, or a single star obscured"—and all, in fine, who are uncompromisingly hostile to traitors, whether open, armed rebels in the South, or covert advocates in the North of a damaging and humiliating peace, will assemble in convention at St. Paul, at Ingerson's Hall, on Wednesday, August 19, 1863, at 11 o'clock A.M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the following offices:

Governor; Secretary of State; State Treasurer; Attorney General; Auditor of State; Clerk of the Supreme Court.

The different counties will be entitled to be represented in the Convention by Delegates, who are bona fide residents of the counties from which they are accredited as follows:

Anoka . . . . . 5 Morris . . . . . 1

Benton . . . . . 2 Hower . . . . . 2

Blue Earth . . . . . 4 Nicollet . . . . . 8

Brown . . . . . 2 Olmsted . . . . . 6

Carver . . . . . 3 Pine . . . . . 1

Dakota . . . . . 7 Rice . . . . . 1

Dodge . . . . . 3 Rice . . . . . 5

Fairbank . . . . . 1 Scott . . . . . 1

Fillmore . . . . . 9 Stearns . . . . . 1

Freeman . . . . . 2 Sibley . . . . . 1

Hennepin . . . . . 8 Stearns . . . . . 1

Isanti . . . . . 1 Steele . . . . . 2

Goodhue . . . . . 6 St. Louis . . . . . 1

Eden Prairie . . . . . 1 Washington . . . . . 1

Le Sueur . . . . . 4 Washington . . . . . 1

McLeod . . . . . 1 Waseca . . . . . 2

Meeker . . . . . 1 Wright . . . . . 1

Mille Lacs . . . . . 1 Washington . . . . . 4

No Delegates will be admitted from unorganized or uninhabited counties, not enumerated above.

By order of the Republican Central Committee.

ROBERT P. FISK, Chm.  
WILFORD L. WILSON,  
ANDREW NELSON,  
D. BLAKELY,  
J. B. GILFHILLAN,  
BENJ. F. SMITH.

St. Paul, July 8, 1863.

#### EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

A few reflections on the War and current events—Encouraging Prospects—General Meade and Hooker—A Pleasant Excursion with pleasant companions—Grand Haven route East—The Fourth in Milwaukee, &c., &c.

MILWAUKEE, July 6, 1863.

Remembering how Richmond was taken on the preceding anniversary of our national Independence; and, a few months ago, Vicksburg was captured by Grant; and how a hundred or more of the glorious boys of Stillwater celebrated each event in a manner that left them with some eyes and head-aches and disappointed hopes on the following morning, we did not feel like throwing up our hats and becoming jubilant on the 4th, when Senator Doolittle read a dispatch direct from Washington to the assembled thousands whom he was addressing, announcing the brilliant and triumphant successes of Gen. Meade and the Potomac army—yet thousands of others did, and but for our former experiences and disappointments, we might have felt constrained to join in the general hilarity. While every hour was liable to develop important and startling events, we feared that these cheering accounts from the army of the Potomac might prove another Fourth of July canonad, to aid the natural and constitutional right which every citizen enjoys to feel happy and do just about what he pleases on that day. "With none to molest or mind him afraid," To reflecting minds, however, the intervening two days have been days of anxious solicitude. We knew well that the slighted error on the part of the new commander—thrust into his responsible position at a moment when two of the greatest armies on the face of the earth stood face to face, without time to mature his own plans, and without the means of taking advantage of those of his predecessor—was fatal in the annihilation of our entire eastern army, and open up New England and the Middle States to the slaughter and devastation of our infurated foes. But to-day has opened up new hopes and new encouraging arguments. Every hour, to this writing, brings additional assurances that thus far the advantage is on the Union side—that if not yet completely whipped and routed, the enemy has received more than he contracted for in his contest with Gen. Meade. If the reports to this writing prove true, Gen. Lee can never cross the Mississippi with a set of disorganized, broken and demoralized followers. He can never return with the in-

vincible army with which he invaded Pennsylvania and Maryland; and at this juncture this is worth more to the Union cause than the possession of Richmond or Charleston or one-half of the Confederacy. It destroys more than the backbone of the rebellion—it draws from it its heart blood. God grant that General Meade may prove to be the man for whom the country has been looking during the past two years. There has never been a greater occasion but the man for the occasion has arisen. The man for this occasion may be the unostentatious George G. Meade—he may be yet in the ranks. Wherever he may be, God speed his appearance upon the stage of this terrible drama.

But while pangs are being sung to Gen. Meade, the country should not overlook the heroic labors of his immediate predecessor, General Hooker. Whatever might have been the necessity, in the opinion of the Government, to supersede General Hooker, one fact can not be denied: He took the army of the Potomac at a critical moment, and made it what it is. He may have his faults, but he never demoralized his army. He raised the army from a state bordering on demoralization, and placed it where General Meade found it, and where General McClellan did not leave it—true as steel and invincible. "Render unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's." The name of Hooker is inseparable with the success of the past three days—and these three days have made history for all time to come. The Fourth of July will become endeared to the American people by new associations and national events of interest akin to the events of 1776.

On the afternoon of the 3d we embraced the occasion of becoming the guest of our former fellow-townsmen, Mr. Irving L. Abell, now connected with the Grand Haven line of steamers, to carry out a long desired desire to make a trip from this place to Grand Haven. Mr. F. W. Noyes, formerly of Stillwater, with two other gentlemen of this city and ourselves, composed the party. The distance across the lake at this point is 90 miles, which is made by the magnificent ocean steamer of this line in less than seven hours. We have sold our dining room a seat as we did this. The Press very appropriately says, "The suggestion will touch the innermost heart of the people of St. Paul, and nothing could so evoke the generous emulation of the entire community—nothing so unite all our loyal citizens of all classes and parties in the cordial fellowship of a common pride and sorrow—as to point out a way in which they can testify their gratitude and admiration for the noble old First or to honor to the memory of its heroic dead.

We are sure these suggestions are fully concurred in by the citizens of Stillwater and Washington county. Our information thus far would indicate that the soldiers from this county have suffered more than in any previous battles. A preliminary meeting of our citizens was held in the city council rooms on the 9th inst., and a committee appointed to call a mass meeting to give public expression to our joy for the victories and our grief for the fallen. We most earnestly hope the committee will attend to their duties as soon as the facts can be ascertained.

Believing that such a meeting will be fully attended, we shall not profess to reflect the sentiments of the community in regard to the heroes of Gettysburg who went from our midst until it comes to us in this authentic form.

—A singular case of love, quinine, elopement and flight, in Canada, is reported by the St. Louis *Democrat*. A rebel widow named Eliza J. Murray, who has been assiduously engaged in smuggling quinine into Dixie, inveigled a former soldier of an Illinois regiment, named A. J. Scipio, into assisting her. He was detected and paroled to await trial. The saucy widow was banished to Canada, and her lover has run away with her, deserting not only his parole of honor and country, but a wife and family in Illinois!

—A crazy woman, armed with several butcher knives, entered one of the public schools in Cincinnati some days, since and declared her intention to kill all the pretty girls in the room—the plain faced ones she intended to allow to live. Upon this announcement all the girls thinking themselves pretty made a dash for the windows and threw themselves to the ground. Fortunately the maniac was secured before she had an opportunity to put her threat into execution. The same threat was tried on a woman's rights convention, but after glancing over the assembly, she concluded there was no female present who was eligible to that sanguinary distinction.

After these exercises, a balloon ascension was made by Prof. Steiner, which was the most complete success it has ever been our fortune to witness. The rebels were defeated in Pennsylvania, Vicksburg surrendered, and eighteen thousand rebels whipped by five thousand Unionists at Helena, Ark. All in one day, and that day the 4th of July.

The 4th of July, 1863, was almost as eventful a day as the 4th of July, 1776.

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Brown . . . . . 2 Olmsted . . . . . 6  
Carver . . . . . 1 Ramsey . . . . . 6  
Chicago . . . . . 2 Renville . . . . . 1  
Dakota . . . . . 7 Rice . . . . . 5  
Dodge . . . . . 3 Scott . . . . . 9  
Faribault . . . . . 1 Stearns . . . . . 5  
Freeborn . . . . . 3 Sibley . . . . . 5  
Hennepin . . . . . 8 Stearns . . . . . 5  
Isanti . . . . . 1 Stearns . . . . . 5  
Goodhue . . . . . 1 Washington . . . . . 1  
Houston . . . . . 5 Wabasha . . . . . 6  
Le Sueur . . . . . 4 Winona . . . . . 6  
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A few reflections on the War and current events—Encouraging Prospects—General Meade and Hooker—Pleasant Excursion with pleasant companions—Grand Haven route East—The Fourth in Milwaukee, &c., &c.

MILWAUKEE, July 6, 1863.

Remembering how Richmond was taken on the preceding anniversary of our national independence; and, a few months ago, Vicksburg was captured by Grant; and how a hundred or more of the glorious boys of Stillwater celebrated each event in a manner that left them with sore eyes and head-aches and disappointed hopes on the following morning, we did not feel like throwing up our hats and becoming jubilant on the 4th, when Senator Doolittle read a dispatch from Washington to the assembled thousands whom he was addressing, announcing the brilliant and triumphant successes of Gen. Meade and the Potomac army—yet thousands of others did, and but for our former experiences and disappointments, we might have felt constrained to join in the general hilarity. While every hour was liable to develop important and startling events, we feared that those cheering accounts from the army of the Potomac might prove another Fourth of July canon, to aid the natural and constitutional right which every citizen enjoys to feel happy and do just about the pleases on that day, "with none to molest or make him afraid." To reflecting minds, however, the intervening two days have been days of anxious solicitude. We knew well that the slightest error on the part of the new commander—thrust into his responsible position at a moment when the greatest armies on the face of the earth stood face to face, without time to mature his own plans, and without the means of taking advantage of those of his predecessor—would result in the annihilation of our entire eastern army, and open up New England and the Middle States to the slaughter and devastation of our infested foes. But to-day has opened up new hopes and new encouragements. Every hour, to this writing, brings additional assurances that this far the advantage is on the Union side—that if not yet completely whipped and routed, the enemy has received more than he contracted for in his contest with Gen. Meade. If the reports to this writing prove true, Gen. Lee can never cross the Potomac with a set of disorganized, broken and demoralized followers. He can never return with the in-

vincible army with which he invaded Pennsylvania and Maryland; and at this juncture this is worth more to the Union cause than the possession of Richmond or Charleston or one-half of the Confederacy. It destroys more than the backbone of the rebellion—it draws from it its heart's blood. God grant that General Meade may prove to be the man for whom the country has been looking during the past two years. There has never been a greater occasion but the man for the occasion has arisen. The man for this occasion may be the unostentatious George G. Meade—he may yet be in the ranks. Wherever he may be, God speed his appearance upon the stage of this terrible drama.

But while peace is being sung to Gen. Meade, the country should not overlook the herculean labors of his immediate predecessor, General Hooker.

Whatever might have been the necessity, in the opinion of the Government, to supersede General Hooker, one fact can not be denied: He took the army of the Potomac at a critical moment, and made it what it is. He may have been a traitor, but he never demoralized his army.

He raised the army from a state bordering on demoralization, and placed it where General Meade found it, and where General McCall did not leave it

—true as steel and invincible. "Render unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's."

We make the following extract from a letter from Col. Miller, the gallant Colonel of the First Regt. during the Peninsular campaign, and now commanding the garrison forces in this military district, published in the *Press* of the 10th inst.:

SAIN'T PAUL, Minn., July 9, 1863.

MR. SIR.—The sed and mournful silence from the Minnesota First, with which it was my privilege to be so long and intimately connected, falls upon me with such a weight that I can not pen a line for publication.

I beg, however, that you will be so kind as to give me a full account of this terrible calamity, so that the facts can reach us in an authentic shape.

In addition to resolutions commemorating the honored dead, and condoling with the surviving survivors, would it not be well to inaugurate an association for the erection of a suitable monument in St. Paul or vicinity upon which to inscribe the names of the fallen heroes, of the now immortal MINNESOTA FIRST?

Upon the subject of this letter, the Press very appropriately says, "The best investment of confederate money is sterling, even though the next is gold or silver and the next is cotton; for sooner or later confederate money will not be worth the paper it is made on, although I may be a little mistaken."

Years truly,

J. B. JACQUES & CO., Columbus, Ohio.

This is the testimony of a rebel merchant, whose exodus from the South seems to have opened his eyes to the hopelessness of the rebellion.

Soldier Voting in New Bremen.

The opinion of the judiciary of New Hampshire on the constitutionality of the soldiers' voting bill has been given. It is signed by Chief Justice Bell and Associate Justice Bellows, Noyes and Bartlett, and says the bill proposed is opposed to the spirit and letter of the constitution, as well as the common law, which requires the presence of the voter at the polls. Several practical objections to the bill are also mentioned in the opinion. The subject was recommended, and it is stated by the Manchester *Advertiser* that a constitutional convention is in contemplation for the purpose of amending the constitution as to allow soldiers to vote.

A singular case of love, quinine, elopement and flight, in Canada, is reported by the St. Louis *Democrat*. A rebel widow named Eliza J. Murray, who has been assiduously engaged in smuggling quinine into Dixie, inveigled a former soldier of an Illinois regiment, named A. J. Seepth, into assisting her. He was detected and paroled to await trial. The saucy widow was banished to Canada, and her lover has run away with her, deserting not only his parole of honor and country, but a wife and family in Illinois!

A crazy woman, armed with several butcher knives, entered one of the public schools in Cincinnati some days since and declared her intention to kill all the pretty girls in the room—the plain faced ones she intended to allow to live. Upon this announcement all the girls thinking themselves pretty made a rush for the windows and threw themselves to the ground. Fortunately the maniac was secured before she had an opportunity to put her threat into execution. The same threat was tried on a woman's rights convention, but after glancing over the assembly, she concluded there was no female present who was eligible to that sanguinary distinction.

Coincidence.

The 4th of July, 1863, was almost as eventful a day as the 4th of July, 1776.

The rebels were defeated in Pennsylvania, Vicksburg surrendered, and eighteen thousand rebels whipped by five thousand Unionists at Helena, Ark. All in one day, and that day the 4th of July.

The Professor descended to a counter

current which brought him back to the city in safety—the entire voyage of sixty miles occupying only one hour and thirty minutes.

If the readers of the *Messenger* knew the intensity of the heat at this writing, they would excuse any farther gossiping from

A. J. V.

#### Republican Union Convention.

No narrow-minded party spirit can be discovered in the patriotic call of the Republican Central Committee for the convention to be held on the 10th of August, which we publish to-day. "All unconditional Union men who are earnest and honest supporters of the Administration, and who will stand by it without fear or favor in all its efforts to crush rebellion and maintain the Union," are invited to take part in its deliberations.

And we most devoutly hope and believe that the action of the convention when assembled will be in union with this action of the committee. Such being the case, disloyalty will be driven from its subterfuges, for the truly loyal men will then hold one side of a question to which there are only two sides, and the other in undisputed majority.

#### Rebel Evidences of the Worthlessness of Rebel Money.

When the rebel steamer Calypso was captured by the U. S. steamer Florida, while on her way from Nassau to a port in North Carolina, a rebel mail bag was found on board from which was taken the following curious letter:

A. OREGON MERCHANT TO HIS PARTNERS.

Portland, Ore., June 7.

DEAR BROTHERS: \* \* \* \* \* It is now evident, some of the blockade runners will have a pile of money, as confederate money is becoming at such a discount they cannot pay enough on the goods to pay the difference in exchange, as goods have to be paid for in gold or sterling exchange, and freights prepaid, and then take all chances of getting them through, besides paying duties on them at Charleston. Some of the blockade men here think the next steamer from Charleston will bring bad news, and there will be a much greater discount on confederate money—say seven or eight for one in gold, and my opinion is it will soon be worthless.

Yesterday I bought here five hundred dollars of confederate money at four cents on the dollar, and sold it for five cents, even a greater discount. So you can see what the people here think of Dixie money; and in fact no one will

say that it is at any price for goods or for freight money; and if I had a million of gold dollars, I would not invest one dollar here and take the chances of getting through and take confederate money.

If you have any confederate money on hand when you receive this, get clear of it on the best terms you possibly can, and in future take no more confederate money, only at what you can sell it for gold, and turn it into gold as soon as you receive it.

The best investment of confederate money is sterling, even though the next is gold or silver and the next is cotton; for sooner or later confederate money will not be worth the paper it is made on, although I may be a little mistaken."

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#### From the First Minnesota.

We are permitted to publish the following letter received to-day by Louis Hosper, Esq., from his son:

BATTLE FIELD NEAR GERMASO, July 5, 1863.

DEAR FATHER:—I write in haste, a few lines to let you know that I am yet alive, but our company suffered terribly. Twenty-three were wounded, some of whom will no doubt die. Four were killed on the field. Both officers of the company were wounded. One Colonel, Lieutenant-Colonel and Major were severely wounded. Capt. Muller and three other Captains of the Regt. were killed. Cronie of Company B was wounded. Our Regt. consisted of 11 companies, has 100 fit for duty. You cannot conceive the amount of suffering we have endured since leaving Falouth.

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General Meade, the country should

not overlook the herculean labors of his immediate predecessor, General Hooker.

Whatever might have been the necessity,

in the opinion of the Government,

to supersede General Hooker, one fact can

not be denied: He took the army of the

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as to give me a full account of this

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### Local and Miscellaneous News.

The Sunday Schools of Hastings and Prescott had a picnic celebration at Point Douglas on the Fourth.

The corn crop which has heretofore been so promising was injured considerably by the wind of Friday of last week.

Hon. H. D. Barron, of Polk county, has just been elected an honorary member of the Wisconsin State Historical Society.

The Bank recently started at Hudson is called the First National Bank of Hudson. John Comstock is President; Alfred J. Goss Cashier.

At the last meeting of the County Commissioners, Harvey Wilson, Esq. was appointed a commissioner in place of D. W. Armstrong, who has removed to Wisconsin.

**ROBERTY.**—The jewelry store of Peter Smith at Prescott, was broken into recently and valuable extracted to the amount of \$600 or thereabouts. No clue has been found of the perpetrators.

The enrollment in this district is completed. Six hundred and fifty names have been enrolled as subject to military duty of which about 450 are residents of this city. The enrollment has been accomplished without a single instance of opposition.

L. R. Cormier Esq. had a buggy stolen from his stable last Thursday night. We have also heard of several larcenies committed in this city lately. Let all our citizens be on the lookout. There is beyond doubt a band of thieves extending their depredations through every part of the State.

We are indebted to Capt. Daniel Houston an old resident of Stillwater, for late Chicago and Milwaukee papers in advance of the mails. Capt. Houston is now an officer of the 53d Illinois regiment and has been doing good service in Dixie.

A school for military instruction has been organized in this city by the members of the military companies. It meets on every Wednesday evening. All who would like to join the class are invited to be present to-morrow evening at the Hall over Westing & Torius' store.

G. M. Seymour Esq. of this city, has been appointed and commissioned Deputy Provost Marshal under the Conscription act for this county. Dr. Whiting of Taylor Falls, we are informed, has received the same appointment for Chisago, Pine, and other counties north. Deputy Provost Marshal's rank and receive the same pay as Lieutenant.

We clip the following order from the Milwaukee Sentinel:

HEADQUARTERS DIST. WISCONSIN,  
Milwaukee, June 11, 1862.

GENERAL ORDERS No. 2.

Capt. A. J. Van Vorhees, U. S. V., having reported at these Headquarters, in accordance with Special Orders No. 28, Headquarters Department of the Northwest, is assigned to duty as Assistant Quartermaster of the District of Wisconsin.

By command of Brig.-Gen. T. C. H. Smith.  
M. J. ASCH,  
Capt. and A. A. A. J. Gen.

By observing the following rules persons may avoid the vexatious losses and delays which are so much complained of in connection with the mails:

1st. In your subscription be careful to omit the name of the Postoffice or the State.

2d. Never pay the postage in full, or if you do be careful to put on Internal Revenue stamps.

3d. The better way, however, is to put on a three cent stamp and leave off the address altogether.

**RUNAWAY.**—On Wednesday last a span of horses belonging to Mr. Rainsden, with a heavy cart attached, ran furiously down Myrtle street across Main, and jumping the sidewalk in front of Hersey, Staples & Co.'s store, freed themselves from the carriage without doing much damage. Mr. Rainsden finding himself unable to control them jumpeded from the carriage in the onset—thus breaking several injury.

Does it PAY!—Of course not. Any man is a born fool to pay out money for printers' ink. If you have any thing to sell only think of the absurdity of paying from one-hundred to a thousandth part of the profits for advertisements. Several illustrations of this absurdity have recently come under our notice, which we wish to record:

About a year ago a gentleman in Wisconsin owned a fine property in this city which he wished to sell. We have positive knowledge that his agent tried to dispose of it for several months without success; finally he advertised it in the *Messenger* and in two or three weeks thereafter found a purchaser upon his own terms.

A gentleman from the Wisconsin side visiting our city on business, inquired at

several stores for an article which he was unable to find, and returned without it. Taking up the *Messenger* he found it advertised by a former patron and the next day came in and made his purchase.

A certain house and lot was sold in this city a few days since for \$500, and know at least two persons that would gladly have paid \$700 in cash, but did not know that it was for sale. Two dollars paid the *Messenger* would have paid this man two hundred dollars.

These are instances about which there can be no dispute, and amply illustrates the folly of throwing away money for advertisements.

The *Mankato Record* says:—"Quartermaster J. E. McKusick has opened up his office in the stone building over White & Marks store.

Prof. E. L. Edwards has purchased an interest in the St. Croix Monitor and will hereafter conduct the editorial department.

**PUBLIC SCHOOL EXAMINATION.**—The examination of the public schools of this city will commence as follows, viz: On Thursday at 10 A. M., July 23, in the intermediate department taught by Miss Prescott; at 1 P. M. same day, grammar school, taught by Miss Stickney. On Friday at 9 A. M., July 24, in the Primary school, taught by Miss McKusick; at 1 P. M., same day, school in Schulerberg's Addition, taught by Miss Abbott.

Parents and guardians are especially invited to be present, and all persons interested in educating the young.

By order of the Board of Education.

ARIAL ELDREDGE, Clerk.  
Stillwater, July 7, 1862.

**WAR HAS ITS TRIUMPHS, SO HAS PEACE.**

—While the enemies of the Union were winning brilliant victories, the *Chemical Saturator* was enjoying a series of uninterrupted triumphs over the popular aversion to all salaratus, because the common kinds in use were found to be destructive. Science had demonstrated that the *Chemical Saturator* was not only pure in its nature, but wonderful in its effects, producing better bread and biscuits than any other kind of salaratus or soda known.

• • •

**Hatch's Battalion.**

It will be seen by reference to our advertising columns that Mr. Freudentrich is in town on recruiting service for Hatch's famous battalion. Persons enlisting in this corps will serve for three years or during the Indian war. And we can assure all upon the authority of a letter of the Hon. H. M. Rice a copy of which we have seen that it is distinctly understood at Washington that this battalion will not be sent south.

Capt. A. F. Chamberlain is an old settler of St. Paul and was a captain in the Mexican war. Mr. F. has seen fifteen months' service in Tennessee in connection with the 1st Minnesota cavalry. He will be at the Minnesota House for a few days and will give any information to such as wish to enlist kill "Injus."

**Weekly Review of the Stillwater Produce Market.**

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY D. BRONSON JR. & CO.

TUESDAY, July 14, 1862.

WEAT—\$8.00-\$8.50 pr bushel.

OATS—\$2.50 pr bushel.

RYE—\$2.00-\$2.50.

POTATOES—New, \$1. old 80c.

BUTTER—\$1.25c.

Eggs—10c.

BEANS—\$2 pr bushel.

WHEAT—\$8.00-\$8.50 pr bushel.

CORN—\$1.25 pr bushel.

RICE—\$1.00-\$1.25.

RAISINS—\$2 pr bushel.

CODFISH—\$2 pr lb.

MACKEREL—\$2 pr lb.

STAR CANDELS—\$2c.

BEER—\$1.00-\$1.25.

COFFEE—\$6 pr lb.

RICE—\$6 pr lb.

SOAPS—\$1.00.

WOOD—\$2 pr cord.

IRON—\$2 pr cwt.

C. STEEL—\$0.50-\$1.00.

GERMAN—\$2.00.

FLOUR—\$10-\$12.

LEAVY & DANIELS.

AN UNDENIABLE FACT.

LEVY & DANIELS

have the largest and best assort'd of Confectionaries, Toys, &c., together with a choice lot of

**Tobacco and Cigars!**

He constantly keeps on hand a large assort'd of Confectionaries, Toys, &c., together with almost every article to be found in a general store.

LEVY & DANIELS.

DRY GOODS & DRY GOODS AT LOW PRICES.

We call particular attention to our STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

WHICH IS

The Largest and Most Desirable Stock

Store in Nelson's Building,

MAIN STREET.

6,000 Bushels Plastering Hair,

FOR SALE, at wholesale or retail, by KESSLER & REIN.

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**Tob**



# The Stillwater Messenger.

"Be just, and fear not--Let all the ends thou aim'st at, be thy Country's, thy God's, and Truth's."

VOLUME 7.

THE  
STILLWATER MESSENGER  
A. J. VAN VORHES, Prop.

Is furnished to subscribers for two dollars per year, if paid within six months. An additional charge of one dollar will be made when payment is delayed beyond that time.

OFFICE IN GREENLEY'S BLACK, MAIN STREET.

RATE OF ADVERTISING.

[12 lines, 100 words or less, constitute a square.]  
Each additional line, 10¢.  
One-half column, 30¢.  
One-third column, 45¢.  
One-quarter column, 60¢.  
One-half page, 90¢.  
One-third page, 120¢.  
One-quarter page, 150¢.  
Business cards, 50¢ or less, 1 year, 4¢.  
Business cards, 50¢ or less, 6 months, 2¢.

Advertisers not marked on the copy for a specific number of insertions, will be continued until either by a written or verbal notice, they shall be ordered out, and payment for each insertion will be charged for each change or alteration ordered.

Displayed advertisements invariably charged extra.

J. K. REINER, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon,  
STILLWATER, MINN.

H. F. NOYES, M. D.,  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,  
(Physician in Stillwater's--stone Building,  
4th and Chestnut Streets,) Main street, Stillwater,  
Minnesota. Household, corner of Chestnut and  
Fourth streets.

Wm. M. McCLEUER,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, office in Murch's Black, Chestnut Street, Stillwater, Minnesota.

L. E. THOMPSON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

OFFICE IN GREENLEY'S BLOCK, MAIN  
STREET, Stillwater, Minnesota.

CORNMAN AND STICKNEY,  
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,  
AND CLAIM AGENTS.

OFFICE ON THE SECOND FLOOR OF  
the building occupied by Proctor & Bro.,  
Main Street, Stillwater, Minnesota.

WILL PAY PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO THE PRESENTATION OF SOLDIERS CLAIMS FOR PENSIIONS, BACK PAY AND BOUNTIES BEFORE THE DEPARTMENT AT WASHINGTON.

L. R. CORMAN.

A. STICKNEY.

RUDOLPH LEHMICKE,  
Attorney at Law.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Office in Holcombe's Block, Stillwater, Minn.

HOLLIS R. MURDOCK.

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,  
and General Agent, Stillwater, Minnesota.

Stillwater, April 30, 1863.

Howe's Standard Scales.

FOR SALE BY

Vanderwert, Dickerson & Co.,  
The Plaza Warehouse,  
Nos. 199 & 201 Main Street,  
"Fiction," Weight on the Level  
No Check Rods. All fives  
friction received on Balls. 52-1x

FAIRBANKS'

STANDARD  
SCALE'S  
OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouses, Trucks, etc.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF, & CO.,  
172 Lake Street, CHICAGO.

As before, to buy only the genuine.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership heretofore existing between

KETES A. PARLING and CHAS. SCHIFFER, under

the firm name of DARLING & SCHIFFER, is

dissolved, and the business will be conducted

by CHAS. SCHIFFER, J. E. THOMPSON, and HORACE THOMPSON, under the

firm name of SCHIFFER & THOMPSON.

KETES A. PARLING,  
CHARLES SCHIFFER,  
Stillwater, Minn., Nov. 30, 1862.

J. THOMPSON, HORACE THOMPSON, CHAS. SCHIFFER.

Exchange, Banking & Collection

OFFICES OF

THOMPSON BROS. - St. Paul, Minn.

SCHIFFER & THOMPSON - Stillwater, Minn.

[Successors to Darling & Schiffers.]

Dealers in Exchange, Coin and Uncurrent Money.

Collections made and proceeds promptly remitted.

13

M. S. WILLARD,  
FURNITURE DEALER,  
Main Street, Stillwater, Minnesota.

ELEGANT, Medium and Plain Household Furniture, Mattresses, Looking Glasses, &c.

DAVID MEAD,  
Boot and Shoe Maker,  
MAIN ST., STILLWATER.

I prepared to make everything in the Boot and Shoe line in a superior and elegant manner. Particular attention paid to repairing.

Jan. 21, 1863.

C. De MONTREVILLE, M. D.

DENTIST

Office on Third Street, first building West of the Post Office.

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

On the first Monday and Tuesday of each month Dr. C. De Montreville will be at the Sawyer House, and attend to any dental operations required.

Jan. 12, 1863.

## SODA WATER!

C. VALENTINE  
Has just purchased a  
Matthew's Celebrated Iron  
Soda Fountains,

And is now prepared to furnish the citizens of  
Stillwater and vicinity with Pure Soda or Mineral  
Water.

Just received a fresh supply of  
Confectionerries!

And everything else in this line. Also Ameri-  
can best Claving Tobacco, and all sorts of  
Smoking Tobacco.

C. VALENTINE,  
Stillwater, May 19, 1863. 36-17

## The Messenger.

Saturday, July 18, 1863.

"The close grapple and sharp steel of  
loyal and patriotic soldiers must always  
put rebels and traitors to flight!"—SECRETARY  
STANTON, TO THE SOLDIERS.

Just received a fresh supply of  
Confectionerries!

And everything else in this line. Also Ameri-  
can best Claving Tobacco, and all sorts of  
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C. VALENTINE,  
Stillwater, May 19, 1863. 36-17

Hooker's Removal.

We do not know that there is much  
expressed dissatisfaction in consequence of  
the removal of Gen. Hooker from the  
command of the Army of the Potomac; but  
there is a vast deal of inquiry and  
speculation why the change was so sud-  
denly determined upon in the face of the  
enemy.

To us, though we have no authorita-  
tive information from Washington, the  
case is clear. Gen. Hooker was camped  
at Falmouth opposite Gen. Lee at Fredericksburg,  
to watch the latter's movements and  
offer him assistance if needed.

One wife, he had been repeatedly in-  
formed, was a blushing fair beyond his  
merits while in the field. Now, then,  
he had hope for the smiles of victory.

But the prophet, who presented himself  
at the gates of heaven, to his great surprise,  
was not a blushing, bashful, and modest  
man, but a bold, hardy, and resolute  
soldier.

"Now," said the prophet, smugly,  
"you have indeed a great  
soldier, but you have suffered enough upon  
the earth, so be of good cheer, for you  
will not meet your wife here."

A young fellow married the  
wealthy widow of a great Khan.

On the wedding night she determined to assert  
her authority over him. So she treated  
him with great contempt when he came  
into the interior, and, saucy and impudent,  
emboldened in rose leaf cushions, caressing  
a large, white cat, of which she professed  
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### Local and Miscellaneous News.

Let every one recollect the examination of the public schools the next Thursday and Friday.

Butter sells at Winona for 10 and 12 cents per lbs. Eggs at 8 and 9 cents per doz.

Seven thousand four hundred and fifty five letters were mailed at the Stillwater Postoffice during the quarter ending June 30.

Persons should remember that under the new Postoffice regulations two cents is the postage on drop letters and transient papers.

Col. R. C. Murphy, late of St. Croix Falls, has closed up his affairs, and goes to Washington, where we understand he is to engage in the law business.

EMIGRANTS.—Fifteen hardy Swedes, just from the father-land, came up on the steamer Allen yesterday. They are destined for the settlement at Swede Lake.

Dr. L. B. Smith, formerly of Taylor Falls, has been appointed Surgeon of the Seventh Minnesota regiment vice J. E. Finch, resigned.

PERSONAL.—Lieut. Thomas Sinclair, who was wounded slightly in the late battle at Gettysburg, is at home on furlough. His wound, we understand, is not serious, and is doing well.

We omitted to call the attention of the public to the card of John Disch, tailor, published in our last. Mr. Disch does his work well and at low prices, both cardinal virtues in war times.

The Presbytery of Minnesota will meet in the First Presbyterian church in this city, this evening, and will be opened with a sermon by the Rev. John Mattocks of St. Paul.

The public are invited to attend.

The Central Republican, published at Faribault, is an eight column paper. Four columns of the inside of its last is all that was devoted to the abuse of Gen. Sibley and the St. Paul Press. Interesting, ain't it?

The Polk County Press says:

The berry season has fairly commenced. Black and red raspberries are being brought in considerable quantities. The dry weather has hurt the crop very badly.

THE GREAT SNOW.—By reference to our advertising column it will be seen that Castello & Van Vleck's Mammoth Show will exhibit in this city next Monday. The Chicago, Milwaukee and La Crosse papers speak highly of its merits and we bespeak for it a good house, and for those who attend a good laugh.

NO ACCOUNTING FOR TASTE.—At a celebration on the 4th in Shelbyville, a certain Elder Conrad arose to address the Sunday school scholars present. He had not proceeded far when two gentlemen, each with a lady, presented themselves behind him on the stand. He turned around and joined in the holy bands of matrimony Mr. Lord and Miss Chapel.

We think even Dr. Holland could not object to terming that operation "getting hitched."

PHOTOGRAPHS.—We take pleasure in informing our readers that Mr. Cook, a Photographer, is now in this city, and intends remaining here for a week or two. Now is the time to secure a good miniature, in that neat and fashionable style—the cartes de visite—which have taken the place of almost all other portraits. Mr. C. also proposes to make ambrotypes, copy other pictures, &c. He has on hand an assortment of fine card albums and fancy cases. From the specimens we have seen of Mr. Cook's work we are of the opinion that he will, we are guaranteed, give perfect satisfaction. His rooms are on the same floor, and directly in front of the Messen-  
ger office.

SERGEANT S. NICKERSON.—The funeral services of this brave and Christian soldier were attended on Sunday afternoon by a large number of our citizens. The services were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Eggleston, of M. E. church, formerly pastor of the church in this city of which Sergt. Nickerson was a highly esteemed member. We have seldom listened to a more touching tribute to the virtues of a Christian and patriot, and by common consent it was highly deserved.

Sergeant Nickerson entered the service at the first as a private, served as a three months man, re-enlisted, and has been in every battle with the 1st Regt. escaping without a scratch until the last great battle at Gettysburg where he was killed instantly by a ball entering his head.

He leaves a wife and one child, who have the sympathy of the whole community.

Gold is quoted at 24½ in New York.

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Colonels—W. A. Gorman, Brigadier General; N. J. Dana, Major General; Alfred Sully, Brigadier General; G. A. Morgan, Invalid Corps; William Colvin, present Colonel.

SUCCESS UPON MERIT.—If there is an instance upon the records of our country where an article of American manufacture has made its way to universal favor solely upon its own merits and without extreme aid, it is that of the Chemical Solvents. It has only to be sold in one place, and it is demanded in another; and so it goes on increasing in favor until the products of the extensive Chemical Works of D. B. De Land & Co., at Fairport, Monroe County, N. Y., are now immense.

This article is made only at these works by a process known only to the proprietors, and is better for all purposes than soda. Try it.

It will be seen by the following which is clipped from the *Present Journal*, that St. Paul the great metropolis occupying the geographical center &c. of the Northwest, is a long way inland, situated on a small stream scarcely navigable for the smallest craft. Its nearest port is thirty miles distant at the mouth of the St. Croix:

The wheat crop will not be so large as last year, but it is our opinion that it will be an average crop throughout the country. One gentleman who has been making much ado about the damage from the drought states that since commencing harvesting he is ashamed of himself. His wheat is *better* this year than last. He says the straw is lighter—but upon examination he finds the heads well filled and of an excellent quality.

This is probably an exceptional case; but in spite of the assertions of grain-binders that the wheat crop must be inferior, we are confident that the harvest will show a good, remunerative crop.

The Crops.—During the past week it has been our good fortune to visit some of the best agricultural regions of the country, and from observation and the reports of the farmers we have made the following conclusions:

1st. The corn and potato crop has been injured considerably by the frost.

2d. All the crops have undoubtedly suffered much from the drought, but not so much as many have feared.

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MARRIED,

In this city, Monday, July 20th, Mr. JESSE DELCKER of Stillwater, to Miss LOUISE SCHWERER of St. Paul. No cards.

Weekly Review of the Stillwater Produce Market.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY D. BRONSON JR. & CO.

TUESDAY, July 14, 1863.

WHEAT—\$0.65-\$7 per bushel.

OATS—55c per bushel.

CORN—55c.

RYE—No sales.

BARLEY—\$0.65-\$8c.

MAIZE—\$0.65-\$8c. \$1, old 30c.

BUTTER—12½c per lb.

Eggs—12½c.

BEANS—\$2 per bushel.

STILLWATER RETAIL PRICE CURRENT.

MESS BEER—\$1 per barrel.

PLATE GLASS—\$1.50 per sq. ft.

CORN MEAL—\$1 per 100 lbs.

BUTTER—15c per lb.

BAKON—10c per lb.

LARD—12½c per lb.

SUGAR—12½c per lb.

TOBACCO—\$0.65-\$1.25 per lb.

RIO COFFEE—40c per lb.

JAVA COFFEE—50c per lb.

BEANS—\$1.25 per lb.

SALT—\$2.50 per lb.

RAISINS—25c per lb.

COOKIES—\$2 per lb.

STAN CANDLES—25c.

STAR CANDLES—25c.

RED SMOKING TOBACCO—20¢ per lb.

TOBACCO—\$0.65-\$1.25 per lb.

MOLASSES—\$0.65-\$1.25 per gallon.

SHOES—15c.

SOAP—\$0.10c.

NAILS—\$4—\$23 to \$28 per kg.

WOOD—\$4 per cord.

IRON—6½c per lb.

C. STEPHENS—\$0.25c.

GERMAN—\$0.25c.

PLUGG—\$0.125c.

A UNDENIABLE FACT.

LEVY & DANIELS have the largest and best assort'd stock of

DRY GOODS IN THE ST. CROIX VALLEY.

They are selling at prices that will satisfy the most economical. They have recently made additions to the prices of many of their goods, and advise all to call before purchasing.

They have a good variety of white linens. Want the worth of your Dress Goods embrace the following styles:

Berge, Berge-Anglais, Moissambique, Zhalil, Dine, Alpaca, Black and colored Silks, Lawn, Wool, Muslin, Cambric, Gingham, &c. Also organdy, Sheetings, Shrimps, Dentis, Stripes, Flannels, Hoop-skirts, Pantaloons, Stuffs, Vesting, Embroidered Collars, Thread, Edges, Laces, Linen, Laces, Linen, Cotton, &c. All kinds of white linens. Want the worth of your Dress Goods embrace the following styles:

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Java and Rio Coffee, Spices, Salteries, Starch, Cream, Tarts, Sopas, Ghee, Arnold, Geo, Oliver, Krome, arm; A. Caplache, thigh; B. Carriques, thigh; M. W. Ehrhardt, leg; P. Querson, jaw broken; C. Groce, spine and shoulder; C. Hammer, face and head; M. J. Henry, back; D. Johnson, knee; F. Marti, hand; E. H. Stead, thigh; J. P. Schoenbeck, thigh and hand; J. Selbert, head and leg; Ole Thompson, leg; J. A. Farmer, leg and head.

REGIMENTAL OFFICERS.

Colonel William Colville, wounded in shoulder and foot.

Lieutenant Colonel Charles P. Adams, left lung and leg (since died.)

Major Mervin W. Downie, arm and foot.

Adjutant J. Peller, left arm broken.

Colonel William Colville, wounded in shoulder and foot.

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# The Stillwater Messenger.

"Be just, and fear not--Let all the ends thou aim'st at, be thy Country's, thy God's, and Truth's."

VOLUME 7.

STILLWATER, MINNESOTA, TUESDAY, JULY 28, 1863.

NUMBER 46.

THE  
STILLWATER MESSENGER  
A. J. VAN VORHES, Proprietary.

Is furnished to subscribers for two dollars per year if paid within six months. An additional charge of fifty cents will be made when payment is delayed beyond that time.

OFFICE IN GREENLEY'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

12 lines, (100 words or less) constitute a square.  
One square, for one insertion, \$1.00.  
One-fourth column, 3 months, \$15.00.  
" " 1 year, 20.00.  
One-half column, 3 months, \$20.00.  
" " 1 year, 35.00.  
One column, 3 months, \$25.00.  
" " 1 year, 50.00.

Business cards, 5 lines or less, 1 year, \$5.00.  
" " 3 months, 4.00.  
" " 1 year, 8.00.

Advertisements not marked on the copy for a specific number of insertions, will be continued until either by a written note from the advertiser, or until payment exactly according to the time.

Twelve cents per square will be charged for each insertion.

Displayed advertisements invariably charged extra.

Letters to the Editor.

## STILLWATER MESSENGER.

A. B. STICKNEY, EDITOR

## STILLWATER:

Tuesday, - - - July 28, 1863

### A Final Call.

Being now in the service, it is absolutely necessary that all outstanding accounts with the Massachusetts Or- phans should be adjusted at once. A. B. SICKNEY, Ed- itor, 105 Chestnut Street, Boston, Mass., is the man to whom these "earner dividends" are, and is fully authorized to settle all undisputed accounts. If this cell is unresponsive to our legal measures will be referred to our collectors.

Mr. A. B. SICKNEY, an associate of the editor, will have exact and detailed information of the facts, and no interruption will result from my absence, which is to be short, will only be temporary.

A. J. VAN VORRIES,

### Republican Union Convention.

The Republicans, and all other unconditional Union men throughout the State of Minnesota, who are earnest and honest supporters of the Administration, and who will stand by it without fear or favor in all its efforts to crush rebellion and maintain the Union, are invited to see no cessation of their efforts until the glorious old flag of our country shall wave over a united Republic, without a single cranny or polluted, or a single star obscured—and all, in due time, when open, armed rebels in the South, or evasive advocates in the North of a damaging and humiliating peace, will assemble in convention at St. Paul, at Ingerson's Hall, on Wednesday, August 19, 1863, at 11 o'clock A.M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the following offices:

Governor.

Lieutenant Governor.

Secretary of State.

State Treasurer.

Attorney General.

And other offices.

Check the Supreme Court.

The different counties will be entitled to be represented on the Convention by Delegates who are bona fide residents of the counties from which they are accredited, as follows:

Anoka ..... 2 Morrison ..... 2  
Benton ..... 2 Mower ..... 2  
Blue Earth ..... 4 Nicollet ..... 4  
Carver ..... 3 Olmsted ..... 3  
Chicago ..... 2 Ramsey ..... 2  
Dakota ..... 7 Nicollet ..... 7  
Dodge ..... 3 Rice ..... 3  
Faribault ..... 2 Scott ..... 2  
Fillmore ..... 9 Sherburne ..... 9  
Freeborn ..... 3 Sibley ..... 3  
Hennepin ..... 8 Stearns ..... 8  
Isanti ..... 1 St. Louis ..... 1  
Le Sueur ..... 6 St. Paul ..... 6  
Houston ..... 5 Washington ..... 5  
Le Sueur ..... 4 Winona ..... 4  
McLeod ..... 1 Washington ..... 1  
Mille Lacs ..... 1 Washington ..... 1  
Mille Lacs ..... 1 Washington ..... 1

No Delegates will be admitted from unorganized or uninhabited counties, not enumerated above.

By order of the Republican Central Committee.

ROBERT F. FISK, Chm.  
WILFORD L. WILSON,  
ANDREW NELSON,  
J. B. GULFLAND,  
BENJ. F. SMITH.  
St. Paul, July 8, 1863.

### THE NEWS.

The two leading items of news which we have to report this week are the "gobbling up" of Morgan's forces in Ohio, and the evacuation of Jackson, Miss., by Gen. Johnston. The fight with Morgan occurred on the 20th, at Bullington, and on the river opposite Bettieville, and it is ascertained that he lost all his cannon and 2,500 men. Morgan made good his own escape through treachery.

The glorious success at Jackson may be learned from the following official dispatch from Gen. Grant:

Vicksburg, July 18.

To Gen. Halleck:

Johnston evacuated Jackson on the night of the 16th. He is now in full retreat. Sheer necessity was the main of Johnston's army must perish from heat, lack of water and general disengagement.

The army paroled here has, to a great extent, deserted, and is scattered through the country.

Gen. Ransom, who was sent to Natchez, captured a number of prisoners and 3,000 head of Texas cattle. In Louisiana they captured more prisoners and a number of teams loaded with ammunition.

Over two million rounds of ammunition were brought back to Natchez. They also destroyed 365,000 rounds of artillery ammunition.

U. S. GRANT, Maj. Gen.

I is reported that desperate fighting is still going on at Charleston, and the greatest confidence felt in the plans and movements of Gen. Gilmore and Admiral Dahlgren, and the ultimate capture of the city.

It is also possible that the misfortune of Lee's escape across the Potomac will be retrieved by another great battle on Virginia soil which Meade and his command are eager to commence, while Lee turns at bay north of the Rappahannock, if it afford them an opportunity.

The expedition sent by Com. Porter into the Red River country has proved a success—ascending the Black and Tensas rivers to the head of navigation, taking the rebels completely by surprise, and capturing 15,000 rounds of smooth bore ammunition, 10,000 rounds of field, and 224 of fixed ammunition, 52 horseheads of sugar, and 50 barrels of salt, all belonging to Confederate Government.

Walker's army is left nearly without ammunition.

The officers have shown great energy in this expedition, and have met with no mishap. They procured a good deal of information by which future movements will be regulated. People in that sec-

tion are very hostile to the Government—rank rebels.

The rise in N. Y. City has been quelled and the draft will be enforced backed by 6,000 federal forces now in the city.

Several large cities have made appropriation to pay the \$300 exemption money for such of their citizens as are drafted, and let all go free.

Two opposite reports are received in regard to the reception of the French in Mexico.

Forey entered the city on the 10th of June. French accounts say that he was received with great rejoicing; that many Mexicans hated Juarez, and that all publicly welcomed him, strewing his pathway with flowers.

The next day we have the following:

—City of Mexico advises from Mexican sources furnish news of a different color from that of yesterday.

The French minister is virtually deposed dictator, Forey enforcing all his decrees.

The French soldiers in the city numbered 15,000.

The grand reception of Forey on entering the city was enforced.

The people as a general rule refused all association with the French.

Forey was active in attempting to recruit Mexicans for his army, without much success.

**THE RAILROAD.**—The *Goodwill Republican* says: We paid a short visit to the camp of the surveyors who are laying out the railroad from St. Paul to Winona, and found them progressing finely with their work. We learn that orders have been received from Mr. Rice to proceed with the construction of the first division between St. Paul and Hastings as soon as possible.

Red Wing has raised about \$600 toward defraying the expenses of the preliminary survey. It is probable that the road will be run in running order from St. Paul to Red Wing by the 1st of July, 1864. Mr. Skinner, the chief engineer of the road, informs us that the grade between St. Paul and Lake City is very easy, and no trouble will be experienced in building the road.

### The Voice of the Church

THE LAWS MUST BE SUSTAINED.

**The Duty of All Good Citizens**  
Pointed Out.

### Resistance to the Draft De- nonced from the Pulpit.

From the N. Y. Tribune.

**PATRIOTIC DISCOURSE BY REV. FATHER IRISH, CATHOLIC CLERGYMAN, DELIV-  
ERED IN THE CATHEDRAL ON SUNDAY.**

We give in another column the full details that it is possible to collect of the proceedings of the mob on Monday in various parts of the city.

Relentless and unmercifully as all mobs are, the actions of this at least equal to any that have yet earned a place in history. "Pull down that d—d flag" was their greeting to the Stars and Stripes. "Kill the d—d nigger" was the infamious howl raised at the sight of any unfortunate black man, woman or child that was seen on the street, in the cars or an omnibus.

Resistance to the draft was merely the occasion of a revolution, which it inspired the insurgents to guide the counsels of the government with wisdom adequate to so great a national emergency, and to visit with tender care, and clemency throughout the length and breadth of our land all those who through the vicissitudes of marches, vagabondages, sieges have been brought to suffer in mind body or estate, and to avert the calamities of war.

In witness whereof I have hereto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, the 21st day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the eighty-eighth.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

By the President:

WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

—A man in New Hampshire had the misfortune recently to lose his wife.

The local paper says: "Pull down that d—d flag" was their greeting to the Stars and Stripes. "Kill the d—d nigger" was the infamious howl raised at the sight of any unfortunate black man, woman or child that was seen on the street, in the cars or an omnibus.

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Done at the city of Washington, the 21

### Local and Miscellaneous News.

Within a few days we have had several showers of rain.

We are indebted to Senator Ramsey for a copy of the Report on the Conduct of the War, Part 1.

According to our exchanges there is a very large emigration this season to the southern part of the State.

Frank Pratt, formerly editor of the Taylor Falls Reporter, has been assigned to a position on Gen. Sibley's staff.

From the Goodhue county Register we learn that Major A. E. Welch of the Fourth regiment arrived home on the 23d inst. from Vicksburg, in poor health. It is hoped he will soon recover.

Chas. H. Shoum, Esq., has purchased the Mankato Independent and changed its name to the Weekly Union. It comes to us this week enlarged and in every respect an improvement on the old Independent.

To protect themselves against surprise by the Indians the citizens of New Ulm have organized a night patrol. A strong body of men, fully armed, are duty every night.

ANOTHER HERO GONE.—William O'gan, 1st Lieutenant in company K, 5th Minnesota, died of disease in the hospital at Memphis. We are unable to state the particulars of his death, but are informed that his corps will be brought to this city for interment.

STREET IMPROVEMENT.—Under the direction of Commissioner Prescott, our streets are undergoing permanent repairs. We understand that the City Council have appropriated \$1,000 to this purpose. We do not often have a more competent and faithful officer than Mr. Prescott.

The following is a complete list of the Deputy Postmaster Marshals in the Valley:—Capt. G. M. Seymour of this city for Washington county; Dr. Whiting of Taylor Falls for Chisago and Pine counties; and S. W. Furber of Cottage Grove for the northern counties.

Dogs.—Several very fine hunting dogs have been poisoned during the week by some miscreant throwing poisoned meat about our streets. In one or two instances the sounder threw the meat into the buildings where the dogs were confined. Such meanness should be punished with the severest penalties of the law.

SHEEP.—Furber Esq. of Cottage Grove, and Mr. Babbit of Minneapolis, started a few weeks since to Michigan after sheep. A letter from Mr. F. states that they have purchased 1200, and are now on their return. We could not ascertain the price paid. One-third of the lot belongs to a man in Owatonna, Steele county.

THE DIFFERENCE.—The difference between the value of a farm on the St. Croix and in the Minnesota Valley will be very apparent from the following comparison of prices on the 17th:

Prices at  
Market.

Wheat, per bushel, \$0 to \$5 cts 50 cts

Oats.....55 40

Coats.....55 35 to 40

Beans.....\$2.00 \$1.55

Barley.....\$1.55 60

Butter, per pound.....124 10

Eggs, per dozen.....124 8

MEAT.—\$0.08 per bushel.

CORN—5c per bushel.

RYE—No sales.

BARLEY—\$0.08 per bushel.

BUTTER—15c per lb.

EGGS—12c per dozen.

BEANS—\$0.15 per bushel.

STILLWATER RETAIL PRICE CURRENT.

MESS MEAT—\$1.25 per lb.

CORN—\$0.15 per bushel.

BEANS—\$0.08 per bushel.

BARLEY—\$0.08 per bushel.

BUTTER—15c per lb.

EGGS—12c per dozen.

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## 1862. SPRING TRADE!

### AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THE

Editor of Stillwater and the St. Croix

Valley, that we are now receiving and offer for

their inspection and patronage, the largest and

best selected stock of

#### DRUGS and Medicines

that has ever been for sale here; and our selec-

tions being made with care, every article will

be warranted. Our stock

#### CHEMICALS AND EXTRACTS

will embrace every article that the medical

practitioner can require, and the attention of

Physicians is particularly called to our store in

this branch of our business.

Our stock is now in right accordance

with the formulas of the U. S. Dispens-

tary, and prescriptions will be carefully and

accurately compounded. Our

WINDOW GLASS & GLASSWARE,

we get direct from Pittsburg by river, and its quality

insures its good condition, and its quality

will be the best.

#### COAL, OIL LAMPS,

Lamps, Sticks, Chimney's, &c., we make a spec-

iality, and no establishment in the State can offer

such opportunity for selection, or at

such prices. Our

#### Carbon Oil

will be the purest and best the market affords,

Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs,

can stock will be complete. Our Paint, White

wash, Dusking, Horse, Crumb, Fish, Shoe,

Clothes, Hair, Nail, Tooth, &c.,

#### DRUGS

will be found in the largest supply.

PATENT MEDICINES,

of all kinds will be kept in full supply, and our

Perfume, Cosmetics, Hair Drills, &c.,

will be found in ample stock and of the best

quality and freshest articles. Our stock of

Tobaccos, Cigars and Smokes!

Will comprise the choicest varieties, with Meers,

Brick, White, China, and a large assort-

ment of Fancy and Common PIPES.

#### STATIONERY

Will be kept in good assortment. Also,

WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADING, &c.,

With Fixtures for hanging Curtains.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

#### Miscellaneous Articles.

Consisting in part of Books, Gloves, Scissors

and similar articles. Spices of all kinds, crude and

ground, Peppermint, Pork, Marmalade, Stove Polish,

water-proof Blacking, Whisks, Violin Bridges,

Violin strings, Guitar string, Military Buttons,

Glasses, Tumblers, Glass, Lamp, Beer Mugs,

Wine, Scotch, Irish, Monogrammable, Bourbon,

Rye and common Whiskies—Wolff's Schnaps,

London Cordial, Gin, &c., &c.

Bacon's Coal Oil Lamps and lanterns,

To be used without chimneys—a new and good

article of

WINE AND LIQUORS.

We will keep a large supply of the purest and

best that can be purchased in New York—con-

sisting in pure French Brandy, Hennessy,

St. Croix Rum, New and Old Scotch, Port,

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